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The Bulletin further says that no epidemic of any consequence had appeared during the year; that of 260 cases of smallpox 188 originated in Rouen—i. e., that of every 5 cases at least 1 came from outside of Rouen.

## GUATEMALA.

### *Report from Livingston, fruit port.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended October 14, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 3,500; 2 deaths; 1 case yellow fever; prevailing diseases, malarial and yellow fevers; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, infected. The case of yellow fever developed from an infected house which had not been fumigated.

Bill of health was issued to the following-named vessel:

| Date. | Vessel. | Destination. | Number of crew. | Number of passengers from this port. | Number of passengers in transit. | Pieces of baggage disinfected |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. 11 | Anselm..... | Mobile via Belize. | 39 | ..... | ..... | ..... |

### *Yellow-fever case in Livingston—Fumigation measures ordered by Guatemalan authorities.*

OCTOBER 18, 1905.

I have to report a case of yellow fever in Livingston. The patient is a Guatemalan who came to Livingston September 5, 1905, from Sarstoon, a small place on the Guatemala coast. On the 17th instant I visited him and found him convalescent from an attack of yellow fever, having been free of fever several days.

The origin of infection in this case was easily traced, as the patient had been sleeping in a house in which, during July, there had been a number of cases of yellow fever. When I informed the governor of this department of the nature of the disease he immediately gave orders to have the house fumigated, and unless there are other infected houses which have been overlooked I do not think the infection will spread.

This is the first case of yellow fever in Livingston since July 30, 1905, therefore the infected mosquitoes have been in the house for about seventy days, as the former cases occurred about July 20 and I have not known of anyone being sick in the house since then.

## HAWAII.

### *Fatal plague cases at Honolulu.*

HONOLULU, *October 24, 1905.*

WYMAN, *Washington:*

Two fatal plague Honolulu, October 23.

HOBDY.

HONOLULU, *October 26, 1905.*

WYMAN, *Washington*:

There was a death from plague on October 24. Outgoing quarantine instituted. Request authority to employ three temporary attendants.

HOBDY.

*History of fatal plague cases at Waipahu.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon Hobdy, in temporary charge, reports, October 17, as follows:

Confirming my cablegram of the 11th instant, I have the honor to state that the 2 fatal cases of plague mentioned occurred at Waipahu, Oahu, on October 10. Waipahu is about 9 miles from Honolulu; is the headquarters of one of the large sugar plantations, and is populated largely by oriental laborers on this plantation. These laborers live in camp, reproducing in miniature the customs and conditions of their native land, and it is in one of these camps that 5 or 6 cases of plague have occurred during the last eighteen months. The 2 fatal cases mentioned occurred here in a Korean family, mother and daughter, and the bodies were cremated at the United States Quarantine Station on the 11th instant. The place was thoroughly cleaned up and disinfected by the local board of health, and no other cases have occurred. Between this camp and Honolulu there is practically no intercourse.

The third case mentioned in my cablegram went into the Japanese hospital here suffering with a supposed simple bubo, which was removed. The operator decided that the case was suspicious, and the bacteriologist to the board of health was called and pronounced the case plague. The patient was removed to the hospital for contagious diseases, where he died on the 13th instant, and the body was cremated by this Service on the same day. I have been informed by the president of the local board of health that all possible precautions have been taken in cleaning up this man's dwelling and the hospital also. The source of infection could not be traced in any of these cases. No other cases have occurred either in the city or camp at Waipahu.

## HONDURAS.

*Reports from Ceiba, fruit port.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Week ended October 14, 1905. Present officially estimated population, about 4,000; 1 death; prevailing diseases, malarial, mostly mild type; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

| Date. | Vessel. | Destination. | Number of crew. | Number of passengers from this port. | Number of passengers in transit. | Pieces of baggage disinfected |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. 8 | Utstein | Mobile | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | Jos. Vaccaro | Baltimore | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | España | Mobile | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | Rosina | Baltimore via Ruatan and Ceiba. | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11 | Hiram | Mobile | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12 | Jamaica | Baltimore | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12 | Columbia | Mobile via Utilla and Ceiba. | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 |